	Exhibit No	20.2009 B 480

HITTING THE M.A.R.C.

Establishing Foster Care Minimum Adequate Rates for Children

Technical Report



ESTABLISHING FOSTER CARE MINIMUM ADEQUATE RATES FOR CHILDREN

MONTANA

More than 2,200 of Montana's children are in foster care. Abused and neglected children have the right to receive appropriate care while in government custody.

State and local child welfare systems are obligated by federal law to provide payments to foster parents to cover the basic needs of children in foster care, including food, shelter, clothing and school supplies. Inadequate payment rates can mean that children in foster care do not receive necessary care. Low rates can negatively affect foster parent recruitment and retention, which can set off a chain reaction of long-term life consequences for children. When a child welfare system cannot maintain an adequate pool of foster homes, children may be more likely to be placed in institutional facilities, which are costly, or shuttled from placement to placement, an unstable situation which harms children and can decrease their chances of growing up in a permanent family.

A national research study has established Foster Care Minimum Adequate Rates for Children (the "Foster Care MARC") for all 50 states and the District of Columbia, the first-ever calculation of the real expenses of caring for children in foster care in the United States.

Montana's current foster care rates must be increased by up to 44% in order to cover the real costs of providing care for children.

Montana's Currer Foster Care I		Foster Care MARC ² for Montana	To hit the Foster Care MARC, Montana's current rate must be increased by:
Age 2: \$5	15	\$598 + travel and childcare expenses	16%
Age 9: \$4	75	\$685 + travel and childcare expenses	44%
Age 16: \$5	72	\$751 + travel and childcare expenses	31%

Montana Stats³

Number of children in foster care:

2,222

Number of licensed family foster homes:

946

Average number of different foster care placements children experience:

2.8

Percent of children placed in facilities (rather than family foster homes):

Average length of time spent in foster care:

27.6 months (2.3 years)

For more information about the Foster Care MARC, please visit these websites:

www.childrensrights.org

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK www.family.umaryland.edu

Current as of 05/07, Source: National Resource Center for Family Centered Practice and Permanency Planning, Foster care maintenance payments, www.hunter.cuny.edu/socwork/nrcfcpp/info_services/foster-care.html (2007), supplemented with additional research by Children's Rights.

The Foster Care MARC includes travel expenses associated with the daily provision of basic care to children. However, due to the variability in expenses, the Foster Care MARC does not include the cost of travel for visitation with the child's biological family, travel to administrative and judicial reviews or the cost of full-time child care for working foster parents. Foster parents should be reimbursed for their actual expenses for these purposes, in addition to the Foster Care MARC.

³ All data from CWLA, NDAS, http://ndas.cwla.org (2004), except number of children in foster care which is from AFCARS (2005).

to whom it may concern,

my husband and I are fortu parents. One of the reasons we became fortur parents, is to help the bids out there, that need a family Our youngest grand children were in the system. Their forthe parents were awisome. To this day they are still part of their lives. They call, visit, spend time with them, when they can. They don't forget their buthdays or christmas Cvry child so for that we have received intoon home, cake with the clothes on their back, and nothing else. The first thing we did is to go shopping. We got them everything that they meeded at the time of or when they went home we packed up all their aguired with us and sent them home with it all or to their next fortu home. We are on a set income, Plus 'at the beginning we were sasing five grand children the there oldest mes we adopted prevately, the two youngst we adopted thru the system. The bids come fisser. We have never, received a clothery allowance for any of the bids. These bids are important they are our future. Their parents have failed them. We can't The state and the forthe parents are there to help

change their lives for the better. So give us the help we need. We need more money for our bids.

Shanp you

Hope Martin 215- Hope Drive Townsend Mr 59644

James Marks

MARC

Catherine Berg [mediouchicat@imt.net]

Sent: Sunday, February 08, 2009 12:28 PM

To: Costigan, Twila

Twila,

I hope this is adequate. I could write a book on this subject, but tried to keep it simple. Let me know if you need more.

Catherine

My name is Catherine Berg, and I am a state foster care parent on the Crow Reservation. Five years ago my husband and I decided to try being foster parents because we had the space and saw the need. We take in up to six children at any given time with many staying between 8 months to 1 1/2 years.

In the last two years our resources at the local clinic have been downsized significantly. We no longer have access to a regular pediatrician or eye doctor. We also have never had local access to any child psychologist which has been required by all our children above the age of 2 yrs. This has forced us to travel 45 miles to the nearest city for these resources. Since the addition of foster children in our home, our trips to town have increased from once or twice a month to three or four times a week depending on the services they require. Combined with rising fuel prices and wear on our vehicles, these costs have far out-weighed any compensations we receive for travel.

Additionally, our monthly stipends have not increased to compensate for the rising costs of food, electricity, propane, diapers, wipies, lotion, bath products, laundry supplies, toys, etc. Although our children are given clothing allowances, we inevitably have to spend our own money on clothes, shoes, and undergarments.

Presently, I am one of two homes in our county that can take multiple placements of younger children and/or large sibling groups. All the children I have cared for suffer from a number of disorders that make it essential that I stay home with them. These range from attachment and eating disorders, physical problems, fetal alcohol syndrome, in vitro drug exposure, post traumatic stress disorder, sexual abuse, oppositional disorders, and obsessive/compulsive behaviors. They also have missed important developmental stages due to the nature of their experiences and we have to "start over". I have had to teach older children how to eat, brush their teeth, and dress themselves.

I love what I do, but have to wrestle with the decision to continue each month when I review our budget.

Sincerely, Catherine Berg PO Box 248 Pryor, MT 59066 (406) 248-8732

Would You? updated with some changes

Lila Horner [lila_babymontana@yahoo.com]

Sent: Sunday, February 08, 2009 11:18 AM

To: Costigan, Twila

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Would You?

My name is Lila Horner, along with my husband, Todd we have been taking care of Montana's precious foster children for 5 years all from the age of 7 months to 17.

In those 5 years we have had between 30 to 40 children in and out of our home either through respite, kinship, foster, specialized or therapeutic care. We have always adjusted our home each and every time someone in need enters our caring home. We have taken them to Doctor visits, Dentist visits, Therapy visits, parent visits and every other visit that this or that department needs them or us for. And because we live less than 10 miles of these places, we do this out of pocket. We are required to attend at least 15 hours of training per year to maintain our license, usually again, out of pocket.

Our belongings, our home, floors to ceilings and our selves are often cursed at, hit on, spit on, urinated on, and yes, let's not leave out feces on. Anything of value, sentimental or not, need to be put in hiding so it doesn't get broke or stolen. We work 24 hours a day every day 365 days a year. Homes that provide this kind of special care to children in need are called group homes. Who care for these children for around \$75.00 a day, AND the workers are paid at least the legal minimum wage (actually more like \$9.00 and on up per hour), not to mention the overtime. They have the use of company vehicles for transportation. These same workers receive at least 40 hours of vacation and usually round the same for sick time. After 5 years of service, between 2-3 weeks' vacation, some kind of health, dental and the possibility of retirement benefit.

In home care means we provide the children with a lifestyle that is kid oriented from the meals we provide, to the clothing they tear, I mean wear, to games/toys they destroy. All out of a less than small budget that we are currently receiving AND we didn't even add in the expenses of swim, dance and/or other childhood activities that interest them and encourage them fine living talents that prepares them for responsible adulthood.

We don't ask for much, in fact we ask far less from you than you do of us foster/adoptive parents. I am not going to beg you for a rate increase that would be insulting. We are already receiving pennies for Montana's precious commodities, children. I am however giving you, ladies and gentlemen, an example of what I and many of Montana's foster/adoptive parents go through and that is all for that less than small budget of \$16.22 an day – 67 ½ cents an hour and then I ask you - would you?

Lila Horner

781 Rainier Road Helena, Mt 59602

202-3880

Dear legislators

I am wester this letter to ask nore to consider on increase in landing for forthe families to allow them to gentime in their service to Josler children I, Rus Senaw and my wrife Masy Ellen have been dois fortuin for 15 grs. We have seen man Joster parents come and go. One of the problem is that it becomes difficult to de the case they wish to do, without, adequate help in the Jundin allowed. I sealise it is difficult times, but we cannot short-change our firster children in the case of there with a heart to help. The other they is That there is no institution, that could take case of cheldrenger the sales buy paid. ngus truly Russell & Genaut + May Ellen Lenaw